

Math 372B, Spring '09

Homework 1 : Due Thursday, 2/5/09

1. Show that the principal  $GL_n(\mathbb{R})$ -bundle associated to a vector bundle  $\overset{\pi}{\downarrow} \mathbb{R}$  is well-defined up to isomorphism. That is, show that if  $\{(U_i, \varphi_i : U_i \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \pi^{-1}(U_i))\}$  and  $\{(V_j, \psi_j : V_j \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \pi^{-1}(V_j))\}$  are two different trivializations of  $V$ , then the bundles  $\left(\coprod_i U_i \times GL_n(\mathbb{R})\right) / \{(u, A) \sim (u, \varphi_i(uA))\}$  and  $\left(\coprod_j V_j \times GL_n(\mathbb{R})\right) / \{(v, A) \sim (v, \psi_j(vA))\}$  (for  $u \in U_i, A \in GL_n(\mathbb{R})$  and  $v \in V_j, A \in GL_n(\mathbb{R})$ ) are isomorphic.

2. a) Show that every map  $\begin{array}{ccc} P_1 & \xrightarrow{\cong} & P_2 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ B_1 & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & B_2 \end{array}$  of principal  $GL_n(\mathbb{R})$ -bundles induces a map  $\begin{array}{ccc} P_1 \times_{GL_n(\mathbb{R})} \mathbb{R}^n & \xrightarrow{\cong} & P_2 \times_{GL_n(\mathbb{R})} \mathbb{R}^n \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ B_1 & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & B_2 \end{array}$  of ("mixed") vector bundles.

- b) Show that every map of vector bundles  $\begin{array}{ccc} V & \xrightarrow{\cong} & W \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ B_1 & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & B_2 \end{array}$

induces a map of the associated principal bundles

$$\begin{array}{ccc} P_V & \xrightarrow{\cong} & P_W \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ B_1 & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & B_2 \end{array}$$

Explain to what extent this map depends on a choice of trivialization.

3. Show that if  $\overset{EG}{\downarrow} BG$  is a univ. princ.  $G$ -bundle, then there are canonical isomorphisms  $\pi_* BG \cong \pi_{*-1} G$ .

4. Given a free action of a top. gp.  $G$  on a space

$X$ , it is natural to ask whether the projection  $\pi_{X/G}$

is a principal  $G$ -bundle. Show that  $\pi_{X/G}$  is a principal

$G$ -bundle if and only if the action satisfies the following condition:

1)  $\forall x \in X$ ,  $\exists$  a nbhd  $U \subseteq X/G$  of  $[x]$  and a section  $q|_U : U \rightarrow G$  (w/  $q \circ \pi = id_U$ ).  
(we say the action "admits slices".)

2) The map  $\begin{matrix} X \times X & \longrightarrow & G \\ \pi_G & & \\ (x, y) & \longmapsto & \text{the unique } g \in G \\ & & \text{s.t. } x \cdot g = y \end{matrix}$  is continuous.

5. (Uniqueness of Classifying Spaces) Say  $E_1 \downarrow B_1$  and  $E_2 \downarrow B_2$

are principal  $G$ -bundles with  $\pi_{E_1}^* E_2 = \pi_{E_2}^* E_1 = 0$  for  $* \geq 0$ .

Show, using Problem 3., that  $B_1$  and  $B_2$  are

weakly htpy equivalent:  $\exists$  a space  $Z$  and maps  $B_1 \xleftarrow{f} Z \xrightarrow{g} B_2$

s.t.  $f$  and  $g$  both induce isomorphisms on all htpy groups.

(Hint: Consider the action of  $G$  on  $E_1 \times E_2$ .)

## 6. Metrics on Vector Bundles:

a) (MS Problem 2C) Show, using a partition of unity, that every vector bundle over a paracompact base admits a metric. (Your proof should work for real and  $g_{\text{dR}}$  bundles.)

Hint: the space of metrics is convex.

b) Using the Bundle Htpy Theorem, show if  $\langle , \rangle_0$  and  $\langle , \rangle_1$  are two metrics on the same vector bundle

$\downarrow$   
 $X$  (with  $X$  paracompact) then there is an isometry  
 $(V, \langle , \rangle_0) \xrightarrow{\cong} (V, \langle , \rangle_1).$

Conclude that for  $X$  paracpt, there is a bijection  
 b/w isomorphism classes of vector bldes over  $X$  and isometry  
 classes of Euclidean (or Hermitian) bldes, and  
 consequently, bijections  $\text{Prin}_{\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})}(X) \cong \text{Prin}_{\text{U}(n)}(X)$ ,  $\text{Prin}_{\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{R})}(X) \cong \text{Prin}_{\text{U}(n)}(X)$ .

c) Let  $B\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$  and  $B\text{U}(n)$  be classifying spaces for

$\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C}) / \text{U}(n)$  bldes (i.e. assume there are bldes  $\xrightarrow{\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C}) / \text{U}(n)}$   $B\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$ ,  $B\text{U}(n)$ )  
 s.t. the natural map  $[X, B\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})] \rightarrow \text{Prin}_{\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})}(X)$  and the corresponding  
 $f \longmapsto f^* \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$

one for  $\text{U}(n)$  are bijections for all CW cplx's  $X$ .

By considering the clutching func for  $E\text{U}(n)$  as elts of  $\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$ , we obtain a  $\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$ -bdle over  $B\text{U}(n)$ .  
 Show that the classifying map for this bdle  
 is a weak htpy equivalence  $B\text{U}(n) \rightarrow B\text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$ .  
 [You may assume this map exists - e.g. it exists if  
 $B\text{U}(n)$  is a CW cplx.]

(Hint: to deal with basepts, use the result in  
 Hatcher §4A.)

d) MS Problem 2-E: Give a direct construction of an isometry  
 b/w two different metrics on the same bdle.

7. Velocity and tangents: Show that for any smooth  
 curve  $\gamma: (-\varepsilon, \varepsilon) \rightarrow M$  ( $M$  a smooth mfld), the  
 velocity vector  $\gamma'(0) \in T_{\gamma(0)}M$  is the of the form  
 $D\gamma(u)$ , where  $u \in T_0(-\varepsilon, \varepsilon) \cong \mathbb{R}$  is a unit vector.

8. Show that if  $F \rightarrow E$  and  $F' \rightarrow B$   
 $\downarrow p$  and  $\downarrow p'$  are fibration

Sequences, then  $E \xrightarrow{f_{\#}} B'$  is a fibration whose fiber,

$F''$ , sits in a fibration sequence  $F \rightarrow F'' \xrightarrow{j} F'$ .